#### Syllabus changes: 2024 exams

If you're planning to sit an exam in 2024, below are all the key changes to the 2024 syllabus for Associate and Fellow qualifications.

Subject syllabus documents for 2024 are available on the various module pages below.

We review the Associate and Fellow subjects each year to ensure our qualifications reflect current actuarial best practice and the future needs of the profession.

For the 2024 syllabi, where appropriate:

- content has also been redrafted to better support international and neurodiverse candidates,
- the order of topics/sub-topics have been adjusted to ensure a more logical learning pathway which better supports development of a candidate's knowledge and skills,
- topic weightings have been refreshed to reflect the volume of syllabus content and key assessment priorities,
- for all pre-Fellowship subjects problem-solving topics have been moved into the assessment sections as they relate to learning outcomes rather than learning objectives.

If you have any questions, please contact Learning Content and Partnerships team: <a href="mailto:epll@actuaries.org.uk">epll@actuaries.org.uk</a>

#### **Associateship Qualification**

#### **CB1** – Business Finance

In this subject, only minor changes to the wording of objectives were made. The syllabus was moved to a new template which includes amended wording.

As a result of a review of the content the Skill percentage weightings have changed:

Skill	2023	2024
Knowledge	20%	30%
Application	60%	50%
Higher order	20%	20%

The topic percentage weightings have also been amended to reflect the changes made below

Торіс	2023 %	2024%
1 Corporate governance and organisation	20%	18%
2 How corporates are financed	25%	35%
3 Evaluating projects	15%	15%
4 Constructing and interpreting company accounts	40%	32%
Overview of content changes		

CB1 – Business Finance Topics	2023 Objectives	Objectives removed/ combined	Objectives added	Objectives remaining
1 Corporate governance and organisation	11	1	0	10
2 How corporates are financed	36	7	4	33

3 Evaluating projects	11	0	0	11
4 Constructing and interpreting	27	7	0	20
company accounts				
Total	85	15	4	74

Торіс	Objective	Change
1 Corporate governance and organisation	<ul> <li>1.3.6 Outline the strategies employed by managers to maximise shareholder wealth.</li> <li>8</li> <li>1.3.4 Outline the maximisation of shareholder wealth as the main goal of financial management in a company.</li> </ul>	Combined due to similarities.
2 How corporates are financed	<b>2.1.4</b> Discuss the economic advantages and disadvantages of a limited company as a business entity	Removed as repeated in the syllabus
	<b>2.1.5</b> Advantages to a company of limited Liability	New, to include detail on liability
	<b>2.2.4</b> The Principles of double taxation relief in the international corporate tax system	New, to include detail on double taxation relief
	<b>2.2.5</b> Outline the basic p Principles of double taxation relief	Removed as repeated in the syllabus
	<ul> <li>2.3.1 Outline for a private company:</li> <li>the reasons they may have for seeking a quotation on the stock exchange.</li> <li>how shares are issued and traded.</li> <li>the advantages and disadvantages for their remaining as a private company compared with becoming a publicly quoted company.</li> </ul>	Bullet points have been split into own objectives creating 2 new objectives: 2.3.1 Reasons for seeking a quotation on a stock exchange. 2.3.2How shares are issued and traded. 2.3.3 The advantages and disadvantages of remaining as a private company versus becoming a publicly quoted company.
	<b>2.4.5</b> Discuss the effect that the dividend policy will have on the market valuation of a company.	Combined 2.4.3 with 2.4.5 as they fit well together

	<b>&amp; 2.4.3</b> Discuss the principal factors that a company should consider in setting dividend policy.	
	<ul> <li>2.6 (&amp; 2.6.1, 2.6.2, 2.6.3)</li> <li>Outline the motives for mergers and acquisitions.</li> <li>2.6.1 Describe the characteristics of a merger.</li> <li>2.6.2 Discuss methods of evaluating a target company.</li> <li>2.6.3 Discuss the steps that a buyer will usually take in a leveraged buyout.</li> </ul>	Removed
4 Constructing and interpreting company accounts	<b>4.1.12</b> Explain how goodwill may arise on the consolidation of group accounts.	Removed
	<b>4.2.5</b> Explain net earnings per share.	Removed
	<b>4.2.7</b> Discuss the working capital position of a company.	Removed
	<b>4.2.8</b> Discuss the shortcomings of historical cost accounting.	Removed
	<b>4.2.9</b> Discuss the limitations in the interpretation of company accounts.	Removed
	<b>4.2.10</b> Discuss the ways that reported figures can be manipulated to create a false impression of a company's financial position.	Removed
	<b>4.2.11</b> Describe the function of forecasts and budgets as sources of management information.	Removed

# **CB2** – Business Economics

In this subject, only minor changes to the wording of objectives were made. The syllabus was moved to a new template which includes amended wording.

Skill and topic percentage weightings have remained the same.

Overview of content changes

CB2 – Business Economics	2023	Objectives	Objectives	Objectives
Topics	Objectives	removed/	added	remaining
		combined		
1 Economic schools, the economic	11	3	0	8
way of thinking and recent historical				
applications (10%)				
2 Microeconomics (40%)	41	2	0	39
3 Macroeconomics (50%)	76	1	0	75
Total	128	6	0	122

\*Number of objectives include the high-level objective and the sub-objective

Торіс	Objective	Change
1 Economic schools, the economic way of thinking and recent historical applications	<ul> <li>1.3.3 Economic schools, the economic way of thinking and recent historical applications</li> <li>1.3.4 Discuss the aftershocks in Europe following the 2008 financial crisis.</li> <li>1.3.5 Assess the stimulus– austerity debate and regulatory action after the 2008 crisis</li> </ul>	Combined 1.3.3, 1.3.4 and 1.3.5 with objective 1.3.2
2 Microeconomics	<ul> <li>2.3 Discuss the importance of advertising for a firm</li> <li>&amp; 2.3.1 Explain the effects of advertising on sales and demand</li> </ul>	Combined 2.3 and 2.3.1
	<ul> <li>2.5.2 Describe the main features of a market characterised by perfect competition</li> <li>&amp; 2.5.3 Explain how output and price are determined in such markets in the short and long run.</li> </ul>	Combined 2.5.2 and 2.5.3
3 Macroeconomics	<ul> <li>3.6.5 Explain how governments and/or central banks seek to influence the exchange rates</li> <li>&amp; 3.6.6 Describe the implications of such actions for other macroeconomic policies and for business</li> </ul>	Combined 3.6.5 and 3.6.6

# CM1 – Actuarial Mathematics for modelling

This subject has undergone several changes, one of which is to change the name from Actuarial Mathematics to Actuarial Mathematics for Modelling. Along with changes to the wording of objectives, the syllabus was also moved to a new template.

As a result of the review of content, the topics and topic percentage weightings have changed. Topic 1 has been removed, and Topics 4 and 5 have been combined to form one topic entitled Decrement and multiple life models.

2023 Topic titles and weightings

- 1 Data and basics of modelling (10%)
- 2 Theory of interest rates (20%)
- 3 Equation of value and its applications (15%)
- 4 Single decrement models (10%)
- 5 Multiple decrement and multiple life models (10%)
- 6 Pricing and reserving (35%)

### 2024 Topic titles and weightings

- 1 Theory of interest rates (25%)
- 2 Equation of value and its applications (20%)
- 3 Decrement and multiple life models (20%)
- 4 Pricing and reserving (35%)

As a result of a review of the content, the Skill percentage weightings have changed:

Skill	2023	2024
Knowledge	20%	5%
Application	65%	80%
Higher order	15%	15%

### Overview of content changes

CM1 – Actuarial Mathematics for	2023	Objectives	Objectives	Objectives
modelling	Objectives	removed/	added	remaining
		combined		
1 Data and basic of modelling	13	13	0	0
2 Theory of interest rates	27	2	1	26
3 Equation of value and its	13	3	0	10
applications				
4 Single decrement models	14	0	12	26
5 Multiple decrement and multiple	12	12	0	0
life models				
6 Pricing and reserving	15	1	0	14
Total	94	31	13	76

Торіс	Objective	Change
1 Data and basics of modelling	1.1 The principles of actuarial	1.1 and sub objectives
	modelling.	removed as it's just
This topic is now removed	1.1.1 Understand how models	background info and can be
	are used, including, in general	kept in the core reading for
	terms, the use of models for	context but doesn't need to be
	pricing, reserving and capital	assessed
	modelling.	
	1.1.2 Benefits and limitations	
	of modelling.	

1.1.3 Understand the	
difference between a	
stochastic and a deterministic	
model, and the	
advantages/disadvantages of	
each.	
<b>1.1.4</b> Know the characteristics,	
and the use, of scenario-based	
and proxy models.	
1.1.5 Choosing the correct	
model.	
<b>1.1.6</b> The difference between	
the short-run and long-run	
properties of a model and how	
this may be relevant in	
deciding whether a model is	
0	
suitable for any particular	
application.	
<b>1.1.7</b> Understand how to	
analyse the potential output	
from a model, and explain why	
this is relevant to the choice of	
model.	
<b>1.1.8</b> The process of sensitivity	
testing of assumptions, and	
explain why this forms an	
important part of the	
modelling process.	
1.1.9 Factors that must be	
considered when	
communicating the results	
following the application of a	
model.	
inodei.	
<b>1.2.1</b> State the inflows and	Combined to 1.4
outflows in each future time	
period, and discuss whether	
the amount or the timing (or	
both) is fixed or uncertain for a	
given cashflow process	
& <b>1.2.2</b> Describe in the form of	
a cashflow model the	
operation of financial	
instruments (like a zero-	
coupon bond, a fixed interest	
security, an index-linked	
security, a current account,	
cash on deposit, a credit card,	
an equity, an interest only	
loan, a repayment loan and an	
annuity certain) and an	

	insurance contract (like	
	endowment, term assurance,	
	contingent annuity, car	
	insurance and health cash	
2 Theory of interest votes	plans).	Compliand into 2.1
2 Theory of interest rates	<b>2.1.1</b> Describe the relationship	Combined into 2.1
	between the rates of interest	
Note: This is now topic 1	and discount over one	
	effective period arithmetically	
	and by general reasoning.	
	& 2.1.2 Derive the	
	relationships between the rate	
	of interest payable once per	
	measurement period (effective	
	rate of interest) and the rate	
	of interest payable p (> 1)	
	times per measurement period	
	(nominal rate of interest) and	
	the force of interest.	
		Removed
	2.8.2 Evaluate the duration	
	and convexity of a cashflow	
	sequence	
3 Equation of value and its	3.1.1 Define an equation of	Removed
applications	value, where payment or	
	receipt is certain.	
Note: This is now topic 2		
	3.1.2 Describe how an	Combined into 3.1
	equation of value can be	
	adjusted to allow for uncertain	
	receipts or payments.	
	3.1.3Understand the two	
	conditions required for there	
	to be an exact solution to an	
	equation of value	
4 Single decrement models	<b>4.1</b> Define various assurance	Topic 4 is now combined with
	and annuity contracts.	topic 5
Note: This is now topic 3	<b>4.1.1</b> Define the following	
	terms:	
	Whole-life assurance	
	Term assurance	
	Pure endowment	
	Endowment assurance	
	Whole-life level annuity	
	Temporary level annuity	
	Guaranteed level annuity	
	Premium	
	Benefit including assurance	
	and annuity contracts where	
	the benefits are deferred.	
	<b>4.1.2</b> Describe the operation of	

conventional with-profits	
contracts, in which profits are	
distributed by the use of	
regular reversionary bonuses	
and by terminal bonuses.	
Describe the benefits payable	
under the above assurance-	
type contracts.	
4.1.3 Describe the operation of	
conventional unit-linked	
contracts, in which death	
benefits are expressed as	
combination of absolute	
amount and relative to a unit	
fund.	
<b>4.1.4</b> Describe the operation of	
accumulating with-profits	
contracts, in which benefits	
take the form of an	
accumulating fund of	
premiums, where either:	
• the fund is defined in	
monetary terms, has no	
explicit charges and is	
increased by the addition of	
regular guaranteed and bonus	
interest payments plus a	
terminal bonus; or	
• the fund is defined in terms	
of the value of a unit fund, is	
subject to explicit charges and	
is increased by regular bonus	
additions plus a terminal	
bonus (unitised with-profits).	
In the case of unitised with-	
profits, the regular additions	
can take the form of (a) unit	
price increases (guaranteed	
and/or discretionary) or (b)	
allocations of additional units.	
In either case, a guaranteed	
minimum monetary death	
benefit may be applied.	
<b>4.2</b> Develop formulae for the	
means and variances of the	
payments under various	
assurance and annuity	
contracts, assuming constant	
deterministic interest rate.	
4.2.1 Describe the life table	
functions lx and dx and their	

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select equivalents I [] x r + and	
d[]xr+.	
<b>4.2.2</b> Define the following	
probabilities: n x p , n x q , n m	
x q   , n x q   and their select	
equivalents n x r p[ ]+ , n x r q[	
]+,nmxrq []+,nxrq []+	
<b>4.2.3</b> Express the probabilities	
defined in	
<b>4.2.2</b> in terms of life table	
functions defined in 4.2.1.	
<b>4.2.4</b> Define the assurance and	
annuity factors and their select	
and continuous equivalents.	
Extend the annuity factors to	
allow for the possibility that	
payments are more frequent	
than annual but less frequent	
than continuous.	
<b>4.2.5</b> Understand and use the	
relations between annuities	
payable in advance and in	
arrear, and between	
temporary, deferred and	
whole-life annuities.	
<b>4.2.6</b> Understand and use the	
relations between assurance	
and annuity factors using	
equation of value, and their	
select and continuous	
equivalents.	
<b>4.2.7</b> Obtain expressions in the	
form of sums/integrals for the	
mean and variance of the	
present value of benefit	
payments under each contract	
defined in 4.1.1, in terms of	
the (curtate) random future	
lifetime, assuming:	
• contingent benefits	
(constant, increasing or	
decreasing) are payable at the	
middle or end of the year of	
the contingent event or	
continuously.	
<ul> <li>annuities are paid in</li> </ul>	
advance, in arrear or	
continuously, and the amount	
is constant, increases or	
decreases by a constant	

	monetary amount or by a fixed	
	or time-dependent variable	
	rate.	
	<ul> <li>premiums are payable in</li> </ul>	
	advance, in arrear or	
	continuously and for the full	
	policy term or for a limited	
	period. Where appropriate,	
	simplify the above expressions	
	into a form suitable for	
	evaluation by table look-up or	
	other means.	
	<b>4.2.8</b> Define and evaluate the	
	expected accumulations in	
	terms of expected values for	
	the contracts described in	
	<b>4.1.1</b> and contract structures	
	described in 4.2.7.	
5 Multiple decrement and	5.1 Define and use assurance	Moved to 4.3
multiple life models	and annuity functions	
	involving two lives.	
Note:	5.1.1 Extend the techniques of	
Topics 4 and 5 have been	objectives 4.2 to deal with	
combined and for 2024 now sit	cashflows dependent upon the	
under topic heading 4 –	death or survival of either or	
Decrement and multiple life	both of two lives.	
models.	<b>5.1.2</b> Extend the technique of	
	<b>5.1.1</b> to deal with functions	
	dependent upon a fixed term	
	as well as age.	
	as well as age.	
	<b>5.2</b> Describe and illustrate	Moved to 4.4
		1010020 10 4.4
	methods of valuing cashflows	
	that are contingent upon	
	multiple transition events.	
	<b>5.2.1</b> Define health insurance,	
	and describe simple health	
	insurance premium and	
	benefit structures.	
	<b>5.2.2</b> Explain how a cashflow,	
	contingent upon multiple	
	transition events, may be	
	valued using a multiple-state	
	Markov Model, in terms of the	
	forces and probabilities of	
	transition.	
	5.2.3 Construct formulae for	
	the expected present values of	
	cashflows that are contingent	
	upon multiple transition	
	events, including simple health	
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	insurance premiums and	
	benefits, and calculate these in	
	simple cases. Regular	
	premiums and sickness	
	benefits are payable	
	continuously and assurance	
	benefits are payable	
	immediately on transition.	
	<b>5.3</b> Describe and use methods	Moved to 4.5
	of projecting and valuing	
	expected cashflows that are	
	contingent upon multiple	
	decrement events.	
	<b>5.3.1</b> Describe the	
	construction and use of	
	multiple decrement tables.	
	<b>5.3.2</b> Define a multiple	
	decrement model as a special	
	case of multiple-state Markov	
	model.	
	<b>5.3.3</b> Derive dependent	
	probabilities for a multiple	
	decrement model in terms of	
	given forces of transition,	
	assuming forces of transition	
	are constant over single years	
	of age.	
	5.3.4 Derive forces of	
	transition from given	
	_	
	dependent probabilities,	
	assuming forces of transition	
	are constant over single years	
	of age.	
6 Pricing and reserving	6.2.4 State the conditions	Combine – now 5.2.4
	under which, in general, the	
Note:	prospective reserve is equal to	
This is now topic 5 for 2024	the retrospective reserve	
	allowing for expenses.	
	<b>&amp; 6.2.5</b> Prove that under the	
	appropriate conditions, the	
	prospective reserve is equal to	
	the retrospective reserve, with	
	or without allowance for	
	expenses, for all fixed benefit	
	and increasing/ decreasing	
	benefit contract.	

CM2 – Economic Modelling

This subject has undergone several changes, one of which is to change the name from Financial Engineering and Loss Reserving to Economic modelling. It was thought this name change better represented what students are asked to demonstrate as part of their learning outcome.

As part of the review it was identified that topic 3 Stochastic investment return models could be removed and the other topics have undergone name and percentage weighting changes.

## 2023 Topic titles and weightings

1 Theories of financial market behaviour (15%)

- 2 Measures of investment risk (15%)
- 3 Stochastic investment return models (10%)
- 4 Asset valuations (20%)
- 5 Liability valuations (20%)
- 6 Option theory (20%)

2024 Topic titles and Weightings

- 1 Rational economic theory (10%)
- 2 Measures of investment risk (10%)
- 3 Asset valuations (30%)
- 4 Liability valuations (20%)
- 5 Option theory (30%)

As a result of a review of the content the Skill percentage weightings have changed:

Skill	2023	2024
Knowledge	20%	5%
Application	65%	75%
Higher order	15%	20%

Along with changes to the wording of objectives, the syllabus was also moved to a new template.

#### Overview of content changes

CM2 – Economic Modelling	2023 Objectives	Objectives removed/ combined	Objectives added	Objectives remaining
1 Theories of financial market behaviour	16	5	0	11
2 Measures of investment risk	8	0	0	8
3 Stochastic investment return models	6	6	0	0
4 Asset valuations	37	2	0	35
5 Liability valuations	16	0	0	16
6 Option theory	13	0	7	20
Total	96	13	7	90

Торіс	Objective	Change
1 Theories of financial market	1.2.7 State conditions for	Removed as hardly used in
behaviour	absolute dominance and for	practice so not required.
	first- and second-order	
	dominance.	

	1.3 (1.1.1-1.1.3)	Removed
	Behavioural economics.	
	1.3.1 Describe the main	
	features of Kahneman and	
	Tversky's prospect theory	
	critique of expected utility	
	theory.	
	1.3.2 Explain what is meant by	
	'framing', 'heuristics' and 'bias'	
	in the context of financial	
	markets and describe the	
	following features of	
	behaviour in such markets:	
	• The herd instinct	
	Anchoring and adjustment	
	Self-serving bias	
	Loss aversion	
	Confirmation bias	
	Availability bias	
	• Familiarity bias.	
	1.3.3 Describe the Bernartzi	
	and Thaler solution to the	
	equity premium puzzle.	
3 Stochastic investment return	3.1 (3.1.1-3.1.5)	Removed
models	Show an understanding of	
	simple stochastic models for	
Whole topic removed	investment returns.	
	3.1.1 Describe the concept of a	
	stochastic investment return	
	model and the fundamental	
	distinction between this and a	
	deterministic model.	
	3.1.2 Derive algebraically, for	
	the model in which the annual	
	rates of return are	
	independently and identically	
	distributed and for other	
	simple models, expressions for	
	the mean value and the	
	variance of the accumulated	
	amount of a single premium.	
	3.1.3 Derive algebraically, for	
	the model in which the annual	
	rates of return are	
	independently and identically	
	distributed, recursive	
	relationships that permit the	
	evaluation of the mean value	
	and the variance of the	

<b></b>		
	accumulated amount of an	
	annual premium.	
	3.1.4 Derive analytically, for	
	the model in which each year	
	the random variable (1 + r) has	
	an independent log-normal	
	distribution, the distribution	
	functions for the accumulated	
	amount of a single premium	
	and for the present value of a	
	sum due at a given specified	
	future time.	
	3.1.5 Apply the above results	
	to the calculation of the	
	probability that a simple	
	sequence of payments will	
	accumulate to a given amount	
	at a specific future time.	
4 Asset valuations	<b>4.5.6</b> Discuss the limitations of	Combined with 4.5.5 now
	these one-factor models and	3.5.5
Is now topic 3 for 2024	show an awareness of how	
	these issues can be addressed	
	<b>4.6.6</b> Describe how the two-	Combined 4.6.6 and 4.6.5 now
		3.6.5
	state model can be generalised to incorporate a stochastic	5.0.5
	transition intensity.	
	<b>&amp; 4.6.5</b> Describe how the two-	
	state model can be generalised	
	to the Jarrow-Lando-Turnbull	
	model for credit ratings.	
6 Option theory	Third bullet from <b>6.1.3</b> Explain	now own sub objective 5.1.4
	what is meant by put–call	
Now topic 5 for 2024	parity	
	······	
	5.2.5 What is meant by risk-	Bullet from 6.1.8 now own
	neutral pricing and the	objective
	equivalent martingales	
	measure.	
	5.2.6 Use the martingale	Bullet from 6.1.8 now own
	approach to pricing and	objective
	hedging using the binomial	
	model	
	5.2 Understand the principles	Added objective to act as a
	of the binomial option-pricing	new sub-header for Binominal
	model and its application	trees and lattices
	6.1.8 Demonstrate an	
	understanding of the Black-	

<ul> <li>Scholes derivative-pricing model:</li> <li>Explain what is meant by risk-neutral pricing and the equivalent martingale measure.</li> <li>Derive the Black-Scholes partial differential equation both in its basic and Garman-Kohlhagen forms.</li> <li>Demonstrate how to price and hedge a simple derivative contract using the martingale approach.</li> </ul>	Moved to 5.3 and bullet points split into own sub-objectives 5.3.1 and 5.3.2
<b>5.3.5</b> Validity of the assumptions underlying the Black-Scholes model.	Added objective to allow the student to further show their knowledge

# **CS1** – Actuarial Statistics

In this subject Topic 1 Random variables and topic 2 Data Analysis were switched to make a more coherent learning journey through the subject for the student.

2023 Topic titles and weightings

- 1 Random variables and distributions (20%)
- 2 Data analysis (10%)
- 3 Statistical inference (25%)
- 4 Regression theory and applications (30%)
- 5 Bayesian statistics (15%)

2024 Topic titles and weightings

- 1 Data Analysis (10%)
- 2 Random variables and distributions (20%)
- 3 Statistical inference (25%)
- 4 Regression Theory and applications (30%)
- 5 Bayesian statistics (15%)

Overview of content changes

CS1 – Actuarial Statistics	2023	Objectives	Objectives	Objectives
	Objectives	removed/	added	remaining
		combined		
1 Data Analysis	18	9	0	9
2 Random variables and distributions	26	6	8	28
3 Statistical inference	23	1	0	22
4 Regression Theory and applications	17	2	2	17
5 Bayesian statistics	11	1	0	10
Total	95	19	10	86

Торіс	Objective	Change
1 Random variables and	<b>1.2.1</b> Explain what is meant by	1.2.1 and 1.2.2 are combined
distributions	jointly distributed random	
	variables, marginal	
Note: this is reordered and is	distributions and conditional	
now topic 2	distributions.	
	& 1.2.2 Define the probability	
	function/density function of a	
	marginal distribution and of a	
	conditional distribution.	
	1.2.5 Define the probability	Removed
	function/density function of	
	the sum of two independent	
	random variables as the	
	convolution of two functions	
	<b>1.2.7</b> Use generating functions	Removed
	to establish the distribution of	
	linear combinations of	
	independent random	
	variables.	
	<b>1.4.1</b> Define and determine	1.4.1 1.4.2 and 1.4.4
	the moment generating	Combined
	function of random variables.	
	& 1.4.2 Define and determine	
	the cumulant generating	
	function of random variables.	
	1.4.4 Identify the applications	
	for which a moment	
	generating function, a	
	cumulant generating function	
	and cumulants are used and	
	the reasons why they are used	
	1.5.1 State the central limit	Moved to 2.5.1
	theorem for a sequence of	
	independent, identically	
	distributed random variables.	
2 Data analysis	<b>2.2.1</b> Describe the possible	Removed as covered in 2.2.2
Note: this is reordered and is	aims of a data analysis (e.g.	
now topic 1	descriptive, inferential and predictive).	
	2.3 (2.3.1 – 2.3.7) Random	2.3 moved from Data analysis
	sampling and sampling	to 2.6 Random Variables
	distributions.	2.3.1 and 2.3.2 combined
	2.3.1 Explain what is meant by	
	a sample, a population and	
	statistical inference.	

	2.3.2 Define a random sample	
	from a distribution of a	
	random variable.	
	2.3.3 Explain what is meant by	
	a statistic and its sampling	
	distribution.	
	2.3.4 Determine the mean and	
	variance of a sample mean and	
	the mean of a sample variance	
	in terms of the population	
	mean, variance and sample	
	size.	
	2.3.5 State and use the basic	
	sampling distributions for the	
	sample mean and the sample	
	variance for random samples	
	from a normal distribution.	
	2.3.6 State and use the	
	distribution of the t-statistic	
	for random samples from a	
	normal distribution.	
	2.3.7 State and use the F	
	distribution for the ratio of	
	two sample variances from	
	independent samples taken	
	from normal distributions.	
3 Statistical inference	<b>3.1.4</b> Define and apply the	Removed as part covered in
	property of unbiasedness of an	3.1.3 and unbiasedness moved
	estimator.	to 3.1.5
4 Regression theory and	<b>4.1.5</b> State the multiple linear	Combined with 4.1.2
applications	regression model (with several	
	explanatory variables).	
	4.1.6 Use appropriate	
	software to fit a multiple linear	
	regression model to a data set	
	and interpret the output.	
	<b>4.2.4</b> Explain what is meant by	Split into two objectives
	a variable, a factor taking	
	categorical values and an	
	interaction term. Define the	
	linear predictor, illustrating its	
	form for simple models,	
	including polynomial models	
	and models involving factors.	
	<b>4.2.5</b> Define the deviance and	Split into two objectives
		1
	scaled deviance and state how	
	the parameters of a	

	suitable model may be chosen	
	by using an analysis of	
	deviance and by examining the	
	significance of the parameters.	
5 Bayesian statistics	5.1.4 Explain what is meant by	Removed
	a loss function.	

## CS2 – Modelling and Survival analysis

Minor changes were also made to the wording of objectives. The syllabus was moved to a new template which includes amended wording.

The topic and skill percentage weightings have remained the same.

Overview of content changes

\*Number of objectives include the high-level objective and the sub-objective

CS2 – Modelling and Survival analysis	2023 Objectives	Objectives removed/ combined	Objectives added	Objectives remaining
1 Random variables and distributions for risk modelling	20	0	0	20
2 Time series	15	0	0	15
3 Stochastic processes	21	1	0	20
4 Survival models	44	2	0	42
5 Machine learning	7	0	0	7
Total	107	3	0	104

Торіс	Objective	Change
3 Stochastic processes	<b>3.2.2</b> State the Chapman– Kolmogorov equations that represent a Markov chain.	Removed
4 Survival models	<ul> <li>4.4.8 Develop census formulae given age at birthday where the age may be classified as next, last or nearest relative to the birthday as appropriate, and the deaths and census data may use different definitions of age.</li> <li>4.4.9 Specify the age to which estimates of transition intensities or probabilities in 4.4.8 apply.</li> </ul>	Removed

## **CP1** – Actuarial Practice

In this subject changes to the topic titles and number of topics were made. Some topics were merged together to create a more cohesive learning journey which in turn changed the topic weightings.

Topics 1 and 2 are combined and is topic 1

Topic 9 is topic 2 Topics 3, 4, 5 and 6 and 10 are combined and is topic 3 Topics 7, 8 and 11 are combined and is topic 4 Topic 12 and 13 are combined and is topic 5 Topic 14 principle terms, is part of the assessment and is no longer a standalone topic

2023 Topic titles and weightings 1 Actuarial advice (2.5%) 2 Meeting the needs of stakeholders (2.5%) 3 The Actuarial Control Cycle (2.5%) 4 Risk governance (5%) 5 Risk identification and classification (5%) 6 Risk measurement and monitoring (5%) 7 Responses to risk (7.5%) 8 Capital management and monitoring (5%) 9 The general business environment (20%) 10 Specifying the problem (5%) 11 Producing the solution (30%) 12 Living with the solution (7.5%) 13 Monitoring (2.5%) 14 Principal terms (nil)

2024 Topic titles and weightings

1 Actuarial advice and meeting the needs of stakeholders (5%)

2 General Business Environment (20%)

3 Specifying the problem (15%)

4 Developing the solution (45%)

5 Living with the solution (15%)

There was no change to the skill percentage weightings.

Along with changes to the wording of objectives, the syllabus was also moved to a new template.

#### Overview of content changes

\*Number of objectives include the high-level objective and the sub-objective

CP1 – Actuarial Practice Old	2023	Objectives	Objectives	Objectives
		-	-	-
topic headers	Objectives	removed/	added	remaining
		combined		
1 Actuarial advice	7	1	0	6
2 Meeting the needs of	4	0	0	4
stakeholders				
3 The Actuarial Control Cycle	2	0	0	2
4 Risk governance	5	0	0	5
5 Risk identification and	5	1	0	4
classification				
6 Risk measurement and	5	1	0	4
monitoring				
7 Responses to risk	8	2	0	6
8 Capital management and	7	0	0	7
monitoring				

9 The general business	15	3	0	12
environment				
10 Specifying the problem	10	2	0	8
11 Producing the solution	41	10	0	31
12 Living with the solution	18	2	0	16
13 Monitoring	2	0	0	2
14 Principal terms	1	1	0	0
Total	130	23	0	107

In the table below the 2023 objective have been listed out with the new 2024 objective numbers. Objective which have been removed, combined or moved location have also been specified.

Торіс	Objective	Change
1 Actuarial advice	1.1 Identify the clients that	1.1
	actuaries advise in both the	
Remains under topic 1	public and private sectors and	
	the stakeholders affected by	
	that advice.	
	1.2 Describe how stakeholders	1.1.1
	other than the client may be	
	affected by any actuarial	
	advice given.	
	1.3 Describe the functions of	1.1.2
	the clients that actuaries	
	advise and the types of advice	
	that actuaries may give to	
	their clients.	
	1.4 Explain why and how	1.1.3
	certain factual information	
	about the client should be	
	sought in order to be able to	
	give advice.	
	1.5 Explain why subjective	1.1.4
	attitudes of clients and other	
	stakeholders – especially	
	towards risk – are relevant to	
	giving advice.	
	1.6 Distinguish between the	Removed
	responsibility for giving advice	
	and the responsibility for	
	taking decisions.	1.1.5
	1.7 Discuss the professional	
	and technical standards that	
	may apply to actuarial advice.	
2 Meeting the needs of	2 Meeting the needs of	1.2
stakeholders	stakeholders	
	2.1 Describe the main	1.2.1
Moved to topic 1	providers of benefits on	
	contingent events.	
	2.2 Describe the main types of	1.2.2
	social security benefits and	

	financial products and explain	
	how they can provide benefits	
	on contingent events that	
	meet the needs of clients and	
	stakeholders.	
	2.3 Explain the main principles	1.2.3
	of insurance and pensions that	
	impact on these benefits and	
	products.	
	2.4 Describe the ways of	1.2.4
	analysing the needs of clients	
	and stakeholders to determine	
	appropriate financial products.	
3 The Actuarial Control Cycle	3 The Actuarial Control Cycle	3.1
5 The Actuarial Control Cycle	3.1 Describe the Actuarial	3.1.1
Demoine under tenie 2		5.1.1
Remains under topic 3	Control Cycle and explain the	
	purpose of each of its	
	components.	2.1.2
	3.2 Demonstrate how the	3.1.2
	Actuarial Control Cycle can be	
	applied in a variety of practical	
	commercial situations,	
	including its use as a risk	
	management control cycle.	
4 Risk governance	4 Risk governance	3.2
	4.1 Describe the risk	3.2.1
Moved to topic 3	management process for a	
	business that can aid in the	
	design of financial products.	
	4.2 Discuss the differences	3.2.2
	between risk and uncertainty	
	and between systematic and	
	diversifiable risk.	
	4.3 Describe how enterprise	3.2.3
	risk management can add	
	value to the management of a	
	business.	
	4.4 Discuss the roles and	3.2.4
	responsibilities of various	
	stakeholders in the	
	management of risk.	
	4.5 Discuss risk appetite and	3.2.5
	the attainment of risk	
	efficiency.	
5 Risk identification and	5 Risk identification and	3.3
classification	classification	
	5.1 Describe the techniques	3.3.1
Moved to topic 3	that can be used to identify	5.5.±
	the risks associated with	
	financial products or with their providers.	

	5.2 Discuss how the risks of a	Removed
	project are taken into account	
	in project management.	
	5.3 Describe the risks and	3.3.2
	uncertainties affecting:	
	the level and incidence of	
	benefits payable on contingent	
	events.	
	the overall security of benefits	
	payable on contingent events.	
	5.4 Describe how risk	3.3.3
	classification can aid the	
	design of financial products.	
	5.5 Show an awareness and	3.3.4
	understanding of the risk	
	categories that apply to	
	businesses in general, and	
	particularly financial services	
	businesses.	
6 Risk measurement and	6 Risk measurement and	3.4
monitoring	monitoring	
	6.1 Describe the various	3.4.1
Moved to topic 3	methods used to quantify risk.	
	6.2 Discuss the uses of	3.4.2
	scenario analysis, stress-	
	testing and stochastic	
	modelling in the evaluation of	
	risk.	
	6.3 Describe different methods	3.4.3
	of risk aggregation and explain	
	their relative advantages and	
	disadvantages.	
	6.4 Explain the importance of	Removed as already implicit in
	risk reporting to managers and	3.2.3
	other stakeholders.	
	6.5 Discuss the methods of	3.4.5
	measuring and reporting risk	
	that can be used by the main	
	providers of financial products.	
7 Responses to risk	7 Responses to risk	4.7
	7.1 Describe attitudes to and	4.7.1
Moved to topic 4	methods of risk acceptance,	
	rejection, transfer and	
	management for stakeholders.	170
	7.2 Distinguish between the	4.7.2
	risks taken as an opportunity	
	for profit and the risks to be	
	mitigated.	472
	7.3 Describe the principle of	4.7.3
	pooling risks.	

	7 4 Describes the mesthe description	Developed as always doubted to be
	7.4 Describe the methods of	Removed as already implicit in
	transferring risks.	4.7.1
	7.5 Analyse the risk	4.7.4
	management aspects of a	
	particular business issue and	
	recommend an appropriate	
	risk management strategy.	
	7.6 Describe the tools that can	4.7.5
	be used to aid the	
	management and control of	
	risk.	
	7.7 Discuss the issues	Removed as already implicit in
	surrounding the management	4.7.5
	of risk for financial product	
	providers.	
	7.8 Describe how risks with	4.7.6
	low likelihood but high impact	
	may be managed.	
8 Capital management and	8 Capital management and	4.8
monitoring	monitoring	
_	8.1 Discuss the	4.8.1
Moved to topic 4	interrelationship between risk	
	and capital management.	
	8.2 Explain the implication of	4.8.2
	risk for capital requirement,	
	including economic and	
	regulatory capital	
	requirements.	
	8.3 Describe how the main	4.8.3
	providers of benefits on	
	contingent events can meet,	
	manage and match their	
	capital requirements.	
	8.4 Discuss the implications of	4.8.4
	the regulatory environment in	
	which the business is written	
	for provisioning and capital	
	requirements.	
	8.5 Discuss risk-based capital	4.8.5
	and compare with other	
	measures of capital needs.	
	8.6 Discuss the merits of	4.8.6
	looking at an economic	7.0.0
	balance sheet in order to	
	determine the risk-based	
	capital requirements of a	
	provider of benefits on	
	contingent events.	497
	8.7 Discuss the use of internal	4.8.7
	models for assessment of	

	economic and regulatory	
	capital requirements.	
9 The general business	9.1 Regulatory environment.	2.1
environment	9.1.1 Describe the principles	2.1.1
	and aims of prudential and	
Moved to topic 2	market conduct regulatory	
	regimes.	
	9.1.2 Discuss the role that	2.1.2
	major financial institutions can	
	play in supporting the	
	regulatory and business	
	environment.	
	9.1.3 Explain the concept of	2.1.3
	information asymmetry.	2.2.0
	9.1.4 Explain how certain	9.1.4 and 9.1.5 are now
	features of financial contracts	combined into 2.1.4
	may be identified as unfair.	
	9.1.5 Discuss the implications	
	of a requirement to treat the	
	customer fairly.	
	9.1.6 Describe the aims of	Removed
	policy developments with	Kennoved
	respect to climate risks and	
	sustainability.	
	9.2 External environment.	2.2
	9.2.1 Describe the implications	2.2.1
	for the main providers of	2.2.1
	financial products of:	
	legislation – regulations.	
	state benefits.	
	tax.	Removed bullet point
	accounting standards.	Removed bullet point
	capital adequacy and solvency.	Corrected any organized and risk
	corporate governance.	Corporate governance and risk
	risk management	management combined
	requirements.	Competitive and commercial
	competitive advantage.	combined
	commercial requirements.	Cultural, demographic and
	changing cultural and social	lifestyle combined
	trends.	Climate change and
	climate change.	environmental combined
	demographic changes.	
	environmental issues.	
	lifestyle considerations.	
	international practice.	
	technological changes.	
	9.3 Investment environment.	2.3
	9.3.1 Discuss the cashflows of	Removed
	simple financial arrangements	

	appropriately to provide for	
	contingent financial liabilities.	
	9.3.2 Demonstrate a	2.3.1
	knowledge and understanding	
	of the characteristics of the	
	principal investment assets	
	and of the markets in such	
	assets.	
	9.3.3 Describe how the risk	2.3.2
	profile of the principal	
	investment assets affects the	
	market in such assets.	
		2.3.3
	9.3.4 Explain the principal	2.3.5
	economic influences on	
	investment markets.	2.2.4
	9.3.5 Describe other factors	2.3.4
	affecting supply and demand	
	in investment markets.	
10 Specifying the problem	10.1 Contract design.	3.5
	10.1.1 Discuss the factors to	3.5.1
Moved to topic 3	be considered in determining a	
	suitable design for financial	
	products in relation to:	
	the characteristics of the	
	parties involved.	
	the risk appetite or risk	
	aversion of the parties	
	involved.	
	the regulatory environment.	
	the market for the product.	
	competitive pressures.	
	the level and form of benefits	
	to be provided.	
	any options or guarantees that	
	may be included.	
	the benefits payable on	
	discontinuance or transfer of	
	rights.	
	the method of financing the	
	benefits to be provided.	
	the choice of assets when	
	benefits are funded.	
	administrative issues.	
	the charges that will be levied.	
	the capital requirements.	
	10.2 Data.	3.6
	10.2.1 Explain the ethical and	10.2.1, 10.2.2 and 10.2.3
	regulatory issues involved in	combined, now 3.6.1
	working with personal data	
	and extremely large data sets.	

	10.2.2 Explain the main issues	
	to be addressed by a data	
	governance policy and its	
	importance for an	
	organisation.	
	10.2.3 Explain the risks and	
	ethical issues associated with	
	use of data (including	
	algorithmic decision making).	
	10.2.4 Discuss the data	3.6.2
	requirements for determining	
	values for assets, future	
	benefits and future funding	
	requirements.	
	10.2.5 Describe the checks	3.6.3
		5.0.5
	that can and should be made	
	on data.	264
	10.2.6 Describe the	3.6.4
	circumstances under which the	
	ideal data required may not be	
	available and discuss ways in	
	which this problem may be	
	overcome.	
	10.2.7 Describe how to	3.6.5
	determine the appropriate	
	grouping of data to achieve	
	the optimal level of	
	homogeneity.	
11 Producing the solution	11.1 Modelling.	4.1
	11.1.1 Describe the	4.1.1
Now topic 4	approaches available to	
	produce the solution to an	
	actuarial or financial problem.	
	11.1.2 Describe the	
	construction of actuarial	4.1.2
	models to produce solutions in	
	terms of:	
	the objectives of the model.	
	the operational issues that	
	should be considered in	
	designing and running models.	
	11.1.3 Describe the use of	4.1.3
		4.1.3
	models for:	
	pricing or setting future	
	financing strategies.	
	risk management: assessing	
	the capital requirements and	
	the return on capital or the	
	funding levels required.	

assessing the provisions	
needed for existing	
commitments to provide	
benefits on contingent events.	
pricing and valuing options	
and guarantees.	
11.1.4 Describe how sensitivity	4.1.4
analysis of the results of the	
models can be used to help	
decision making.	
11.2 Assumption setting.	4.2
11.2.1 Describe the principles	4.2.1
behind the determination of	
assumptions as input to a	
model relevant to producing a	
specific solution having regard	
to:	
the types of information that	
may be available to help in	
determining the assumptions	
to be used.	
the extent to which each type	
of information may be useful	
and the other considerations	
that may be taken into	
account, in deciding the	
assumptions.	
the level of prudence in the	
assumptions required to meet	
the objectives of the client.	
11.3 Mortality and morbidity.	4.2.2
11.3.1 Describe the principal	7.2.2
forms of heterogeneity within	11.3.1, 11.3.2, 11.3.3, 11.3.4,
a population, the ways in	11.3.5 and 11.3.6 moved to
which selection can occur and	become bullet points under
how the use of risk	-
classification can address the	4.2.2
consequences of selection.	
11.3.2 Explain why it is	
necessary to have different	
mortality tables for different	
classes of lives.	
11.3.3 State the principal	Bullet point from old 11.3.3
factors that contribute to the	removed.
variation in mortality and	
morbidity by region and	
according to the social and	
economic environment,	
specifically:	

	]
occupation.	
nutrition.	
housing.	
climate/geography.	
education.	
genetics.	
11.3.4 Explain how various	
types of selection (e.g.	
temporary initial selection,	
class selection) can be	
expected to occur among	
individuals or groups effecting	
financial products.	
11.3.5 Explain the concept of	
mortality convergence.	
11.3.6 Describe how	
decrements can have a	
selective effect on the	
remaining business.	
11.4 Expenses.	4.2.3
11.4.1 Describe the types of	11.4.1 and 114.2 Now bullet
expenses that the providers of	points under 4.2.3
financial products must meet.	
11.4.2 Describe how expenses	
may be allocated when pricing	
financial products.	
11.5 Developing the cost and	4.3
the price.	
11.5.1 Discuss how to	4.3.1
determine the cost of	
providing benefits on	
contingent events.	
11.5.2 Discuss the factors to	4.3.2
take into account when	
determining the appropriate	
level and incidence of	
contributions to provide	
benefits on contingent events.	
11.5.3 Discuss the factors to	Removed as implicit in 4.3.2
take into account when	Removed as implicit ill 4.5.2
determining the price or the	
contributions to charge for	
benefits on contingent events.	
11.5.4 Discuss the influence of	4.3.3
	4.3.3
provisioning or regulatory	
capital requirements on	
pricing or setting financing	
strategies.	
11.6 Investment management.	4.4

11.6.1 Discuss the principles	4.4.1
and objectives of investment	
management and analyse the	
investment needs of an	
investor, taking into account	
liabilities, liquidity	
requirements and the risk	
appetite of the investor.	
11.6.2 Discuss the different	4.4.2
methods for the valuation of	
individual investments and	
demonstrate an understanding	
_	
of their appropriateness in	
different situations.	
11.6.3 Discuss the theoretical	4.4.3
relationships between the	
total returns and the	
components of total returns,	
on equities, bonds and cash	
and price and earnings	
inflation.	
11.6.4 Discuss the different	4.4.4
methods for the valuation of	
portfolios of investments and	
demonstrate an understanding	
of their appropriateness in	
different situations.	
11.6.5 Discuss methods of	4.4.5
quantifying the risk of	
investing in different classes	
and sub-classes of investment.	4.5
11.7 Provisioning.	4.5
11.7.1 Discuss the different	4.5.1
reasons for the valuation of	
the benefits from financial	
products and the impact on	
the choice of methodology and	
assumptions.	
11.7.2 Discuss how to	4.5.2
determine values for	
provisions in terms of:	
the need for placing values on	
provisions and the extent to	
which values should reflect	
risk management strategy.	
the principles of 'fair valuation'	
of assets and liabilities and	
other 'market consistent'	
methods of valuing the	
liabilities.	

the reasons why the assumptions used may differ in different circumstances.	
the reasons why the assumptions and methods used to place a value on guarantees and options may differ from those used for calculating the accounting provisions needed.	Bullet point removed
how sensitivity analysis can be used to check the appropriateness of the values. be able to perform calculations to demonstrate an understanding of the valuation methods.	Bullet point removed
11.7.3 Describe different methods of allowing for risk in cash-flows.	4.5.3
11.7.4 Discuss different methods of allowing for uncertainty in present values of liabilities.	4.5.4
11.7.5 Discuss the purpose of and uses for equalisation reserves.	Removed
11.7.6 Describe the influence of comparisons with market values.	4.5.5
11.8 Relationship between assets and liabilities.	4.6
11.8.1 Describe the principles of investment and the asset/liability matching requirements of the main providers of benefits on contingent events.	4.6.1
11.8.2 Show how actuarial techniques such as asset/liability modelling may be used to develop an appropriate investment strategy.	4.6.2
11.8.3 Describe the use of a risk budget for controlling risks in a portfolio.	4.6.3
11.8.4 Describe the techniques used to construct and monitor a specific asset portfolio.	4.6.4

	11.8.5 Discuss the need to	4.6.5
	monitor investment	0.5
	performance and to review	
	investment strategy.	
12 Living with the colution	12.1 Maintaining profitability.	5.1
12 Living with the solution	12.1.1 Describe how the main	5.1.1
New in tenie F		5.1.1
Now in topic 5	providers of financial products	
	events can control and	
	manage the cost of:	
	payments arising on	
	contingent events.	
	expenses associated with the	
	payment of benefits on	
	contingent events.	
	12.1.2 Discuss how regulatory	5.1.2
	capital requirements impact	
	on a provider's profitability.	
	12.1.3 Describe the tools	5.1.3
	available for capital	
	management.	
	12.2 Determining the actual	5.2
	results.	
	12.2.1 Describe how a provider	5.2.1
	can analyse actual	
	performance against expected	
	performance.	
	12.2.2 Describe how a provider	5.2.2
	can analyse performance of an	
	investment portfolio against a	
	benchmark.	
	12.2.3 Discuss the possible	5.2.3
	sources of surplus/profit and	
	the management actions that	
	can control the amount of	
	surplus/ profit.	
	12.2.4 Describe why a provider	5.2.4
	will carry out an analysis of the	
	changes in its surplus/profit.	
	12.2.5 Describe how any	5.2.5
	surplus/profit arising may be	
	distributed.	
	12.2.6 Discuss the issues	5.2.6
	_	
	rationale for retention of	
		5.3
	-	
	12.2.6 Discuss the issues surrounding the amount of surplus/profit that may be distributed at any time and the	5.2.6 5.3 5.3.1

	the financial condition of the	
	main providers of financial	
	products.	
	12.3.2 Describe the reports	5.3.2
		5.5.2
	and systems that may be set	
	up to monitor and manage risk	
	at the enterprise level.	
	12.4 Insolvency and closure.	12.4 combined with 5.3.3
	12.4.1 Discuss the issues that	5.3.3
	need to be taken into account	
	on the insolvency or closure of	
	a provider of financial	
	products.	
	12.5 Options and guarantees.	Removed
	12.5.1 Discuss the issues	3.5.1
	surrounding the management	
	of options and guarantees.	
13 Monitoring	13.1 Describe how the actual	5.3.4
	experience can be monitored	
Now topic 5	and assessed, in terms of:	
	the reasons for monitoring	
	experience.	
	the data required.	
	the process of analysis of the	
	various factors affecting the	
	experience.	
	the use of the results to revise	
	models and assumptions.	
	13.2 Describe how the results	5.6.5
	of the monitoring process in	
	the Actuarial	
14 Principal Terms	Have an understanding of the	No longer a stand alone unit
	principal terms used in	in the core reading, but still
	financial services, investments,	included in the core reading
	asset management and risk	
	management.	

# **CP2 – Modelling Practice**

In this subject, changes to the topic titles were made to reflect more accurately what is required of a student when completing this module. One further topic was added in recognition of the importance of how a student is to document and communicate their work.

2023 Topic titles and weightings

- 1 Preparation and exploratory analysis of data (10%)
- 2 Development of a model with clear documentation (30%)
- 3 Analysis of methods and model outputs (15%)
- 4 Application and interpretation of results (20%)
- 5 Communication of results and conclusions (25%)

2024 topic titles and weightings 1 Preparation and analysis of data (10%) 2 Development of a model (20%) 3 Model Check (5%) 4 Documentation (45%) New topic 5 Communication of results and conclusions (10%) 6 Next steps (10%)

As a result of a review of the content the Skill percentage weightings have changed:

Skill	2023	2024
Knowledge	20%	5%
Application	50%	80%
Higher order	30%	15%

Minor changes were also made to the wording of objectives. The syllabus was moved to a new template which includes amended wording.

## Overview of content changes

CP2 – Modelling Practice	2023 Objectives	Objectives removed/ combined	Objectives added	Objectives remaining
1 Preparation and analysis of data (10%)	5	0	0	5
2 Development of a model (20%)	3	2	1	2
3 Model Check (5%)	2	0	0	2
4 Documentation (45%)	0	0	2	2
5 Communication of results and conclusions (10%)	2	1	0	1
6 Next steps (10%)	3	2	0	1
Total	15	5	3	13

Торіс	Objective	Change
<b>2</b> Development of a model with clear documentation	<b>2.2</b> Document the results of the model including justification of key assumptions, detailing the methodology adopted, an appropriate level of reasonableness checks, sensitivities and limitations	Moved to new topic 4
	<b>2.3</b> Produce an audit trail enabling detailed checking and high level scrutiny of the model by a fellow student and a senior actuary	Moved to new topic 4
	2.2 Create appropriate charts	New 2.2 in pace of old

	to support visual interpretation of the results.	
<b>4</b> Documentation Note: new topic	<ul> <li>4.1 Create a clear audit trail, which could be followed by a senior actuary and would enable the model to be worked on and corrected by a fellow student and includes: <ul> <li>key assumptions</li> <li>description of data and model check</li> <li>methodology</li> <li>reasonableness checks</li> </ul> </li> <li>4.2 Draft a clear summary of the model and the results for a senior actuary to include: <ul> <li>the data,</li> <li>assumptions</li> <li>approach</li> <li>results</li> <li>conclusions</li> <li>suggested next steps</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	New topic objectives
<b>5</b> Communications of results and conclusions	<ul> <li>5.1 Plan and draft a summary document to cover the data, approach, assumptions, results, conclusions and suggested next steps for presentation to a senior actuary.</li> <li>5.2 Create appropriate data visualisations to communicate the key conclusions of an analysis.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Rewording of topic, from 2 objectives to 1:</li> <li>Commentary on the results should cover, but not be limited to: <ul> <li>analytical comments on each stage of the results, including explaining patterns in the results and any unusual features.</li> <li>an explanation of the differences between the results under the various strategies modelled.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<b>6</b> Next Steps Note: Previously topic 4	<ul> <li>4.1 Apply the results to the problem set, suggesting solutions.</li> <li>4.2 Summarise the results using appropriate charts and tables.</li> <li>4.3 Consider possible next steps.</li> </ul>	Rewording of topic, from 3 objectives to 1: 6.1 Considering the modelling and the results, identify possible next steps for the client, including: • Enhancements to the model • Additional modelling to provide additional

information to support
the project's
objectives

### **CP3** – Communications practice

In this subject, only minor changes to the wording of objectives were made. The syllabus was moved to a template that includes amended wording.

# Fellowship Qualification

## SP1 – Health and Care

In this subject, only minor changes to the wording of objectives were made. The syllabus was moved to ta new template which includes amended wording.

Topic 6 – solving problems was moved into the Assessment section of the syllabus as it is viewed to be how the student demonstrates their learning outcome rather than a learning objective.

There were no changes to the topic or skill percentage weightings.

Overview of content changes

SP1 – Health and care	2023 Objectives	Objectives removed/ combined	Objectives added	Objectives remaining
1 Health and care products and general business environment (15%)	3	0	0	3
2 Product design and specific features (25%)	4	0	0	4
3 Risks and risk management (30%)	14	0	0	14
4 Models and valuation (15%)	12	0	0	12
5 Monitoring experience and setting assumptions (15%)	11	0	0	11
6 Solving problems	5	5	0	0
Total	49	5	0	44

Торіс	Objective	Change
6 Solving problems	6.1 Analyse hypothetical	Removes problem solving
	examples and scenarios in	objective, as now incorporated
	relation to the financial	into the assessment section
	management of health and	
	care insurance companies.	
	6.1.1 Propose solutions and	
	actions that are appropriate to	
	the given context, with	
	justification where required.	
	6.1.2 Suggest possible reasons	

why certain actions have been	
chosen.	
6.1.3 Assess the implications	
•	
of actions within a given	
scenario.	
6.1.4 Discuss the advantages	
and disadvantages of	
suggested actions, taking into	
account different perspectives.	

## SP2 – Life Insurance

In this subject, only minor changes to the wording of objectives were made. The syllabus was moved to a new template which includes amended wording.

Topic 6 – solving problems was moved into the Assessment section of the syllabus as it is viewed to be how the student demonstrates their learning outcome rather than a learning objective.

There was no change the Topic and skill percentage weightings.

## Overview of content changes

SP2 – Life insurance	2023 Objectives	Objectives removed/ combined	Objectives added	Objectives remaining
1 Life insurance products and general business environment	6	0	0	6
2 Product design and specific features	13	0	0	13
3 Risks and risk management	14	0	0	14
4 Models and valuation	12	0	0	12
5 Monitoring experience and setting assumptions	11	0	0	11
6 Solving problems	6	6	0	0
Total	62	0	0	56

Торіс	Objective	Change
6 Solving problems	6.1 Develop proposals and	Removed problem solving
	recommendations, with	objective, as now incorporated
	justification where required, in	into the assessment section
	relation to hypothetical	
	scenarios reflecting the	
	management of life insurance	
	business.	
	6.1.1 Analyse these scenarios,	
	demonstrating an	
	understanding of the syllabus	
	including the following factors	
/ <b>6</b> 1. 1.11.		
---------------------------------	--	
(profitability, capital		
management, risk, regulatory		
and customer demand).		
6.1.2 Suggest possible reasons		
why certain proposals and		
recommendations have been		
made.		
6.1.3 Assess the implications		
of adopting the proposals		
and/or recommendations		
within a given scenario.		
6.1.4 Discuss the advantages		
and disadvantages of		
suggested proposals and		
recommendations, taking into		
account different perspectives.		
6.1.5 Demonstrate an		
understanding of any		
limitations and elements of		
uncertainty inherent in the		
proposals or		
recommendations made.		

## SP4 – Pensions and other benefits

In this subject, only minor changes to the wording of objectives were made. The syllabus was moved to a new template which includes amended wording.

Topic 6 – solving problems was moved into the Assessment section of the syllabus as it is viewed to be how the student demonstrates their learning outcome rather than a learning objective.

There was no change to the topic or skill percentage weightings.

Overview of content changes

SP4 – Pensions and other benefits	2023 Objectives	Objectives removed/ combined	Objectives added	Objectives remaining
1 Pension provision and general business environment (20%)	4	0	0	4
2 Scheme design and financing (20%)	2	0	0	2
3 Managing schemes and risks (20%)	5	1	0	4
4 Models, valuations and setting assumptions (30%)	4	0	0	4
5 Monitoring experience and the Actuarial Control Cycle (10%)	1	0	0	1
6 Solving Problems	5	5	0	0
Total	21	6	0	15

Торіс	Objective	Change
3 Managing schemes and risks	<b>3.5</b> Discuss the principles	Combine with 3.1
	underlying the use of	
	insurance as a means of risk	
	mitigation.	
6 Solving problems	6.1 Analyse hypothetical	Removed problem solving
	examples and scenarios in	objective, as now incorporated
	relation to the financial	into the assessment section
	management of pension	
	arrangements.	
	6.1.1 Propose solutions and	
	actions that are appropriate to	
	the given context, with	
	justification where required.	
	6.1.2 Suggest possible reasons	
	why certain actions have been	
	chosen.	
	6.1.3 Assess the implications	
	of actions within a given	
	scenario.	
	6.1.4 Discuss the advantages	
	and disadvantages of	
	suggested actions, taking into	
	account different perspectives	

### SP5 – Investment and Finance

In this subject, only minor changes to the wording of objectives were made. The syllabus was moved to a new template which includes amended wording.

As a result of a review of the content the Skill percentage weightings have changed:

Skill	2023	2024
Knowledge	25%	10%
Application	50%	60%
Higher Order	25%	30%

Topic 9 – solving problems was moved into the Assessment section of the syllabus as it is viewed to be how the student demonstrates their learning outcome rather than a learning objective.

There was no change to the topic percentage weightings.

#### Overview of content changes

SP5 – Investment and Finance	2023 Objectives	Objectives removed/ combined	Objectives added	Objectives remaining
1 The economic, regulatory and legislative framework for investment management (10%)	2	0	0	2

2 Specialist investment products (15%)	2	0	0	2
3 Valuing investments (10%)	3	1	0	2
4 Monitoring and managing investment risks (10%)	2	0	0	2
5 Investor characteristics, including behavioural finance and taxation (10%)	3	0	0	3
6 Appropriate investment strategies (15%)	1	0	0	1
7 Portfolio management and risk control (15%)	8	0	0	8
8 Analysing portfolio performance (15%)	11	2	0	9
9 Solving problems	5	5	0	0
Total	37	8	0	29

Торіс	Objective	Change
3 Valuing investments	<ul> <li>3.3 Discuss the appropriateness to valuing investments in different situations of:</li> <li>fixed income analytics and valuation (including interest rate swaps and futures).</li> <li>arbitrage pricing and the concept of hedging.</li> <li>empirical characteristics of asset prices.</li> <li>fixed income option pricing.</li> <li>evaluating a securitisation.</li> <li>evaluating a credit derivative.</li> </ul>	Combine with 3.2
8 Analysing portfolio performance	<ul> <li>8.3.3 Discuss the relative merits of assessing portfolio performance relative to published indices, other portfolios or a predetermined benchmark portfolio.</li> <li>8.3.5 Discuss the value of portfolio performance measurement and its limitations.</li> </ul>	Remove
9 Solving problems	9.1 Analyse hypothetical examples and scenarios in relation to the management of investments.	Removed problem solving objective, as now incorporated into the assessment section

9.1.1 Propose solutions and	
actions that are appropriate to	
the given context, with	
justification where required.	
9.1.2 Suggest possible reasons	
why certain actions have been	
chosen.	
9.1.3 Assess the implications	
of actions within a given	
scenario.	
9.1.4 Discuss the advantages	
and disadvantages of	
suggested actions, taking into	
account different perspectives.	

## **SP6 – Financial Derivatives**

In this subject, only minor changes to the wording of objectives were made. The syllabus was moved to a new template which includes amended wording.

As a result of a review of the content the Skill percentage weightings have changed:

Skill	2023	2024
Knowledge	25%	10%
Application	50%	60%
Higher Order	25%	30%

Topic 5 – solving problems was moved into the Assessment section of the syllabus as it is viewed to be how the student demonstrates their learning outcome rather than a learning objective.

There was no change to the topic percentage weightings.

Overview of content changes

SP6 – Financial Derivatives	2023 Objectives	Objectives removed/ combined	Objectives added	Objectives remaining
1 Derivative markets (5%)	5	0	0	5
2 Derivative types and uses (20%)	13	2	0	11
3 Derivative pricing and valuation methods, including interest rate models (50%)	32	0	0	32
4 Management of derivatives (25%)	24	1	0	23
5 Solving problems	6	6	0	0
Total	80	9	0	71

Торіс	Objective	Change
•	-	

2 Derivative types and uses	<b>2.5</b> Describe different types of property derivatives, including their uses, and property indices.	Combined with 2.4
	<ul> <li>2.10.1 Describe the following types of credit derivative:</li> <li>Credit Default Swaps (CDSs)</li> <li>Collateralised Debt Obligations (CDOs)</li> <li>Nth to default baskets</li> <li>Total return swaps.</li> </ul>	Combined with 2.10 (now 2.9)
4 Management of derivatives	<b>4.4.2</b> Identify the market, credit (or counterparty), liquidity and other risks that arise in the use of derivatives.	Removed as already asked within objective 4.4.1
5 Solving problems	<ul> <li>5.1 Analyse hypothetical examples and scenarios in relation to the use and management of financial derivatives.</li> <li>5.1.1 Propose solutions and actions that are appropriate to the given context, with justification where required</li> <li>5.1.2 Suggest possible reasons why certain actions have been chosen.</li> <li>5.1.3 Assess the implications of actions within a given scenario.</li> <li>5.1.4 Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of suggested actions, taking into account different perspectives.</li> <li>5.2 Draw charts to illustrate how attributes of portfolios vary with respect to relevant factors, in the context of derivative use.</li> </ul>	Removed problem solving objective, as now incorporated into the assessment section

## SP7 – Insurance reserving and capital modelling

In this subject, only minor changes to the wording of objectives were made. The syllabus was moved to a new template which includes amended wording.

As a result of a review of the content the Skill percentage weightings have changed:

Skill	2023	2024
Knowledge	25%	15%
Application	50%	60%
Higher Order	25%	25%

Topic 6 – solving problems was moved into the Assessment section of the syllabus as it is viewed to be how the student demonstrates their learning outcome rather than a learning objective.

There was no change to the topic percentage weightings.

## Overview of content changes

SP7 – Insurance reserving and capital modelling	2023 Objectives	Objectives removed/ combined	Objectives added	Objectives remaining
1 General insurance products and general business environment (20%)	4	0	0	4
2 Risk, uncertainty and regulation (15%)	3	1	0	2
3 Reserving (30%)	22	8	0	14
4 Capital modelling (17.5%)	6	3	0	3
5 Data, investigations, reinsurance and investment (17.5%)	10	0	0	10
6 Solving problems	6	6	0	0
Total	51	18	0	33

Торіс	Objective	Change
2 Risk, uncertainty and regulation	<b>2.3</b> Outline possible methods by which general insurers can be regulated, including advantages and drawbacks of each.	Combined with 2.2
3 Reserving	<ul> <li>3.4.1 Describe the uses of stochastic reserving methods.</li> <li>3.4.2 Describe the likely sources of reserving uncertainty.</li> <li>3.4.3 Describe the following types of stochastic reserving methods: <ul> <li>Analytic methods</li> <li>Simulation-based methods.</li> </ul> </li> <li>3.4.4 Describe Mack's model and the ODP model.</li> <li>3.4.5 Describe how to apply the bootstrapping to these two models.</li> <li>3.4.6 Describe the issues, advantages and disadvantages of each of the models.</li> <li>3.4.7 Describe the approach to aggregating the results of</li> </ul>	Combined sub-parts into 3.4

		1
	stochastic reserving across	
	multiple lines of business, and	
	discuss	
	methods of correlation.	
	<b>3.6.3</b> Discuss the uses,	Removed as not required as
	advantages and disadvantages	stand alone objective
	of each of these methods.	
4 Capital modelling	4.2 Evaluate the following	4.2, 4.3 and 4.4 combined with
	approaches to capital	4.1
	modelling:	
	Deterministic models	
	Stochastic models.	
	<b>4.3</b> Discuss the following	
	issues with regard to	
	parameterisation of capital	
	models:	
	Developing assumptions	
	Validation.	
	<b>4.4</b> Describe approaches to the	
	assessment of capital	
	requirements for the following	
	risk types:	
	<ul> <li>Insurance risk</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Market risk</li> </ul>	
	Credit risk	
	<ul> <li>Operational risk</li> </ul>	
	• Liquidity risk	
	• Group risk.	
6 Solving problems	6.1 Analyse hypothetical	Removed problem solving
	examples and scenarios in	objective, as now incorporated
	relation to the financial	into the assessment section
	management of general	
	insurance companies.	
	6.1.1 Propose solutions and	
	actions that are appropriate to	
	the given context, with	
	-	
	justification where required.	
	6.1.2 Suggest possible reasons	
	why certain actions have been	
	chosen.	
	6.1.3 Assess the implications	
	of actions within a given	
	scenario.	
	6.1.4 Discuss the advantages	
	and disadvantages of	
	suggested actions, taking into	
	account different perspectives.	
	account different perspectives.	

In this subject, only minor changes to the wording of objectives were made. The syllabus was moved to a new template which includes amended wording.

As a result of a review of the content the Topic and Skill percentage weightings have changed:

Торіс	2023 %	2024%
1 General insurance products and general business environmer	nt 20%	25%
2 Data, risks and risk management	30%	25%
3 Rating bases and methodology	35%	35%
4 Credibility, reinsurance and catastrophe modelling	15%	15%

Skill	2023	2024
Knowledge	25%	15%
Application	50%	60%
Higher Order	25%	25%

Topic 5 – Solving problems was moved into the Assessment section of the syllabus as it is viewed to be how the student demonstrates their learning outcome rather than a learning objective.

There was no change to the topic percentage weightings.

#### Overview of content changes

SP8 – General Insurance Pricing	2023 Objectives	Objectives removed/ combined	Objectives added	Objectives remaining
1 General insurance products and general business environment	3	0	0	3
2 Data, risks and risk management	4	0	0	4
3 Rating bases and methodology	20	14	0	6
4 Credibility, reinsurance and catastrophe modelling	8	2	0	6
5 Solving problems	5	5	0	0
Total	40	21	0	19

Торіс	Objective	Change
<b>Topic</b> 3 Rating bases and methodology	<ul> <li><b>3.5</b> Discuss the burning cost approach to pricing.</li> <li><b>3.5.1</b> Describe the burning cost approach to rating.</li> <li><b>3.5.2</b> Determine the assumptions required when</li> </ul>	Change 3.5, 3.6 and 3.7 – along with their sub-objectives, combined into 3.5
	using this approach.	

	<b>3.6.2</b> Determine the	
	to rating.	
	assumptions required when using this approach.	
	<b>3.6.3</b> Outline the practical	
	considerations when using this	
	approach.	
	<b>3.7</b> Discuss the use of Original	
	Loss Curves in pricing.	
	<b>3.7.1</b> Describe how Original	
	Loss Curves can be used in	
	rating.	
	3.7.2 Determine the	
	assumptions required when	
	using this approach.	
	<b>3.7.3</b> Outline the practical	
	considerations when using this	
	approach.	
	<b>3.8.1</b> Assess the applications	3.8.1, 3.8.2 and 3.8.3
	of generalised linear models to	combined into 3.8
	the rating of personal lines	
	business and small commercial	
	risks.	
	3.8.2 Outline the different	
	types of multivariate models	
	and machine learning	
	techniques.	
	3.8.3 Evaluate the uses of	
	multivariate models and	
	machine learning techniques	
	in pricing	
4 Credibility, reinsurance and	<b>4.6</b> Describe the data required	Combined with 4.5
4 Credibility, reinsurance and catastrophe modelling	to determine appropriate	Combined with 4.5
-	to determine appropriate premiums for each of the	Combined with 4.5
-	to determine appropriate	Combined with 4.5
-	to determine appropriate premiums for each of the above types of reinsurance.	
-	to determine appropriate premiums for each of the above types of reinsurance. <b>4.8</b> Describe the key perils that	Combined with 4.5 Combined with 4.7
-	<ul><li>to determine appropriate premiums for each of the above types of reinsurance.</li><li><b>4.8</b> Describe the key perils that can be modelled in a</li></ul>	
catastrophe modelling	to determine appropriate premiums for each of the above types of reinsurance. <b>4.8</b> Describe the key perils that can be modelled in a catastrophe model.	Combined with 4.7
-	<ul><li>to determine appropriate premiums for each of the above types of reinsurance.</li><li><b>4.8</b> Describe the key perils that can be modelled in a</li></ul>	

management of general	
insurance companies.	
5.1.1 Propose solutions and	
actions that are appropriate to	
the given context, with	
justification where required.	
5.1.2 Suggest possible reasons	
why certain actions have been	
chosen.	
5.1.3 Assess the implications	
of actions within a given	
scenario.	
5.1.4 Discuss the advantages	
0	
-	
	insurance companies. 5.1.1 Propose solutions and actions that are appropriate to the given context, with justification where required. 5.1.2 Suggest possible reasons why certain actions have been chosen. 5.1.3 Assess the implications of actions within a given scenario.

#### SP9 – Enterprise Risk management

In this subject, only minor changes to the wording of objectives were made. The syllabus was moved to a new template which includes amended wording.

As a result of a review of the content the Skill percentage weightings have changed:

Skill	2023	2024
Knowledge	25%	15%
Application	50%	55%
Higher Order	25%	30%

Topic 8 – solving problems was moved into the Assessment section of the syllabus as it is viewed to be how the student demonstrates their learning outcome rather than a learning objective.

There was no change to the topic percentage weightings.

Overview of content changes

SP9 – Enterprise Risk management	2023 Objectives	Objectives removed/ combined	Objectives added	Objectives remaining
1 ERM concept and framework (15%)	18	0	0	18
2 ERM process (10%)	13	0	0	13
3 Risk categories and identification (10%)	6	0	0	6
4 Risk modelling and aggregation of risks (15%)	15	0	0	15
5 Risk measurement and assessment (15%)	11	0	0	11

6 Risk management tools and techniques (20%)	15	0	0	15
7 Capital management (15%)	5	0	0	5
8 Solving problems	5	5	0	0
Total	88	5	0	83

Торіс	Objective	Change
8 Solving problems	8.1 Analyse hypothetical	Removed problem solving
	examples and scenarios in	objective, as now incorporated
	relation to the application of	into the assessment section
	ERM, in both financial and	
	non-financial contexts,	
	covering any or all of the risk	
	types identified in 3.2.1.	
	8.1.1 Propose solutions and	
	actions that are appropriate to	
	the given context and balance	
	benefit against inherent cost,	
	with justification where	
	required.	
	8.1.2 Suggest possible reasons	
	why certain actions have been	
	chosen.	
	8.1.3 Assess the implications	
	of actions within a given	
	scenario.	
	8.1.4 Discuss the advantages	
	and disadvantages of	
	suggested actions, taking into	
	account different perspectives.	

#### SA1 – Health and Care

In this subject, only minor changes to the wording of objectives were made. The syllabus was moved to the a template which includes amended wording.

Topic 6 – solving problems was moved into the Assessment section of the syllabus as it is viewed to be how the student demonstrates their learning outcome rather than a learning objective. All other topic percentage weightings have remained the same.

As a result of a review of the content the Skill percentage weightings have changed:

Skill	2023	2024
Knowledge	20%	15%
Application	50%	55%
Higher order	30%	30%

Overview of content changes

SA1 – health and care	2023 Objectives	Objectives removed/ combined	Objectives added	Objectives remaining
1 Health insurance products and general business environment (30%)	7	3	0	4
2 Regulatory, legislative and taxation environment (10%)	9	2	0	7
3 Rating, pricing and underwriting (20%)	3	0	0	3
4 Valuation, Asset-Liability Management (ALM) and reinsurance (20%)	12	0	0	12
5 Monitoring and strategy (20%)	8	0	0	8
6 Solving Problems	5	5	0	0
Total	44	5	0	34

Торіс	Objective	Change
1 Health insurance products and general business environment	<ul> <li>1.3 Suggest actions that a health and care insurance company could take in order to ensure that it is treating its customers fairly.</li> <li>1.4 Understand areas of best practice in international health</li> </ul>	Combined 1.3, 1.4 and 1.5 with 1.2
	<ul> <li>and care provision.</li> <li><b>1.5</b> Understand the considerations underlying the provision of national healthcare systems:</li> <li>The importance of healthcare provision</li> <li>Different healthcare systems worldwide</li> <li>Different approaches to financing healthcare</li> <li>Quality adjusted life years (QALYs).</li> </ul>	
2 Regulatory, legislative and taxation environment	<ul> <li>2.4.1 Describe the solvency 11 framework in terms of</li> <li>Background and scope</li> <li>Structure</li> <li>Pillar 2 governance requirements</li> <li>Pillar 3 disclosure and reporting requirements</li> </ul>	Combined 2.4.1 and 2.4.2 with 2.4

	• Crown reporting	
	Group reporting	
	requirements	
	<b>24.2</b> Access the implications	
	<b>2.4.2</b> Assess the implications	
	of a regulatory framework	
	such as solvency 11 for	
	business culture and strategy.	
6 Solving problems	6.1 Recommend coherent	Removed problem solving
	solutions and courses of action	objective, as now incorporated
	in relation to the overall	into the assessment section
	financial management of	
	health and care insurance	
	companies.	
	6.1.1 Analyse complex	
	problems in terms of actuarial,	
	economic and financial factors	
	to a level where appropriate	
	analytical techniques may be	
	used.	
	6.1.2 Assess the implications	
	and relevance of such factors,	
	integrating the results into a	
	coherent whole.	
	6.1.3 Evaluate the results	
	critically in a wider context,	
	drawing appropriate	
	conclusions.	
	6.1.4 Propose solutions and	
	actions, or a range of possible	
	solutions and actions, based	
	on this evaluation.	

## SA2 – Life Insurance

In this subject, only minor changes to the wording of objectives were made. The syllabus was moved to a new template which includes amended wording.

Topic 5 – solving problems was moved into the Assessment section of the syllabus as it is viewed to be how the student demonstrates their learning outcome rather than a learning objective.

As a review of the content the topics weightings have changed

Торіс	2023	2024
1 Life insurance products and general business environment	30%	20%
2 Regulatory, legislative and taxation environment	15%	25%
3 Reporting and management of capital and profit	25%	25%
4 General business management	30%	30%

As a result of a review of the content the Skill percentage weightings have changed:

Skill	2023	2024
Knowledge	20%	15%

Application	50%	55%
Higher order	30%	30%

Overview of content changes \*Number of objectives include the high-level objective and the sub-objective

SA2 – Life Insurance	2023 Objectives	Objectives removed/ combined	Objectives added	Objectives remaining
1 Life insurance products and general business environment	5	0	0	5
2 Regulatory, legislative and taxation environment	9	2	0	7
3 Reporting and management of capital and profit	18	0	0	18
4 General business management	15	0	0	15
5 Solving problems	6	4	0	0
Total	53	6	0	45

Торіс	Objective	Change
2 Regulatory, legislative and	2.4.1 Describe the Solvency II	Combined with 2.4
taxation environment	framework in terms of:	
	<ul> <li>background and scope.</li> </ul>	
	• structure.	
	Pillar 2 governance	
	requirements.	
	<ul> <li>Pillar 3 disclosure and</li> </ul>	
	reporting requirements.	
	<ul> <li>group reporting</li> </ul>	
	requirements	
	& 2.4.2 Assess the implications	
	of a regulatory framework	
	such as Solvency II for business	
	culture and strategy.	
5 Solving problems	5.1 Develop coherent	Removed problem solving
	proposals (or a range of	objective, as now incorporated
	proposals) and	into the assessment section
	recommendations in relation	
	to complex hypothetical	
	scenarios, reflecting the	
	overall management of life	
	insurance companies.	
	5.1.1 Analyse complex	
	problems, demonstrating an	
	understanding of the syllabus	
	including the following factors	
	(profitability, capital	
	management, risk, regulation	
	and customer demand).	
	5.1.2 Assess the implications,	
	relevance and interaction of	

-		
	such factors, integrating the	
	results into a coherent whole.	
	5.1.3 Evaluate the results	
	critically in a wider context,	
	drawing appropriate	
	conclusions.	
	5.1.4 Discuss the advantages	
	and disadvantages of	
	suggested proposals and	
	recommendations, taking into	
	account different perspectives.	
	5.1.5 Demonstrate an	
	understanding of any	
	limitations and elements of	
	uncertainty inherent in the	
	proposals or	
	recommendations made.	

## SA3 – General Insurance

In this subject, only minor changes to the wording of objectives were made. The syllabus was moved to the a template which includes amended wording.

Topic 5 – Solving problems was moved into the Assessment section of the syllabus as it is viewed to be how the student demonstrates their learning outcome rather than a learning objective.

As a result of a review of the content the Skill percentage weightings have changed:

Skill	2023	2024
Knowledge	20%	15%
Application	50%	60%
Higher order	30%	25%

## Overview of content changes

SA3 – General Insurance	2023	Objectives	Objectives	Objectives
	Objectives	removed/	added	remaining
		combined		
1 General insurance markets, catastrophe modelling and emerging risks (35%)	14	4	1	11
2 Regulatory, legislative and taxation environment (10%)	8	2	0	6
3 Reserving, pricing, capital modelling and reinsurance (30%)	3	0	0	3
4 Financial management, monitoring and strategies (25%)	7	4	0	3
5 Solving problems	5	5	0	0
Total	37	15	0	23

Торіс	Objective	Change
1 General insurance markets, catastrophe modelling and emerging risks	<ul> <li>1.3.6 Suggest the key perils of modelled</li> <li>1.3.7 key uses of output of catastrophe models</li> <li>1.3.8 Key considerations when using outputs of catastrophe models</li> <li>1.3.9 Non-modelled catastrophe</li> </ul>	Combined 1.3.6, 1.3.7, 1.3.8 and 1.3.9 with 1.3.5
		Added in new objective 1.4 for awareness of climate change 1.4 Consideration of Climate change on pricing and catastrophe modelling
2 Regulatory, legislative and taxation environment	<ul> <li>2.1.1 Describe the Solvency II framework in terms of:</li> <li>background and scope.</li> <li>structure.</li> <li>Pillar 2 governance requirements.</li> <li>Pillar 3 disclosure and reporting requirements.</li> <li>group reporting requirements.</li> </ul>	Combined with 2.1
	<b>2.6</b> Demonstrate how the regulatory, legislative and taxation environments affect the insurance market and the way in which general insurance companies carry out their business in practice	Removed
4 Financial management, monitoring and strategies	<b>4.1.1</b> Analyse the financial- planning requirements of a general insurer and develop appropriate strategies.	Combined 4.1.1 with 4.1
	<b>4.1.2</b> Evaluate appropriate models for the purpose of financial planning to enable a general insurer to develop and monitor its objectives at either the corporate or product level.	Now 4.2
	<b>4.2.1</b> Demonstrate an understanding of general	Combined 4.2.1 and 4.2.2 with 4.2 (now 4.3)

	insurance portfolio transfer	
	alternatives	
	4.2.2 Outline the reasons why	
	a general insurer may wish to	
	transfer a portfolio of business	
	to another insurer.	
5 Solving problems	5.1 Recommend coherent	Removed problem solving
	solutions and courses of action	objective, as now incorporated
	in relation to the overall	into the assessment section
	financial management of	
	general insurance companies.	
	5.1.1 Analyse complex	
	problems in terms of actuarial,	
	economic and financial factors	
	to a level where appropriate	
	analytical techniques may be	
	used.	
	5.1.2 Assess the implications	
	and relevance of such factors,	
	integrating the results into a	
	coherent whole.	
	5.1.3 Evaluate the results	
	critically in a wider context,	
	drawing appropriate	
	conclusions.	
	5.1.4 Propose solutions and	
	actions, or a range of possible	
	solutions and actions, based	
	on this evaluation.	

## SA4 – Pensions and other benefits

In this subject, only minor changes to the wording of objectives were made. The syllabus was moved to a new template which includes amended wording.

Topic 6 – solving problems was moved into the Assessment section of the syllabus as it is viewed to be how the student demonstrates their learning outcome rather than a learning objective.

As a result of a review of the content the Skill percentage weightings have changed:

Skill	2023	2024
Knowledge	20%	15%
Application	50%	55%
Higher order	30%	30%

## Overview of content changes

SA4 – Pensions and other benefits	2023 Objectives	Objectives removed/	Objectives added	Objectives remaining
		combined		

1 Pension and benefit provision and general business environment (30%)	4	0	0	4
2 Regulatory, legislative and taxation environment (15%)	3	0	0	3
3 Design and financing of benefit arrangements (20%)	2	0	0	2
4 Reporting/valuation and management of benefit arrangements (15%)	5	0	0	5
5 General business and risk management (20%)	5	1	0	4
6 Solving problems	1	1	0	0
Total	20	2	0	18

Торіс	Objective	Change
5 General business and risk	5.3 Discuss the principles	Removed as not assessed
management	underlying the use of	
	insurance as a means of risk	
	mitigation.	
6 Solving problems	6.1 Recommend coherent	Removed problem solving
	solutions and courses of action	objective, as now incorporated
	in relation to the overall	into the assessment section
	financial management of	
	benefit arrangements.	
	• Analyse complex problems in	
	terms of actuarial, economic	
	and financial factors to a level	
	where appropriate analytical	
	techniques may be used.	
	<ul> <li>Assess the implications and</li> </ul>	
	relevance of such factors,	
	integrating the results into a	
	coherent whole.	
	• Evaluate the results critically	
	in a wider context, drawing	
	appropriate conclusions.	
	Propose solutions and	
	actions, or a range of possible	
	solutions and actions, based	
	on this evaluation.	

# SA7 – Investment and Finance

In this subject, only minor changes to the wording of objectives were made. The syllabus was moved to a new template which includes amended wording.

Topics titles were amended and shorted, however there were no changes to the topic percentage weightings.

Topic 4 – solving problems was moved into the Assessment section of the syllabus as it is viewed to be how the student demonstrates their learning outcome rather than a learning objective.

As a result of a review of the content the Skill percentage weightings have changed:

Skill	2023	2024
Knowledge	20%	10%
Application	50%	60%
Higher order	30%	30%

Overview of content changes

SA7 – Investment and finance	2023 Objectives	Objectives removed/ combined	Objectives added	Objectives remaining
1 The framework for investment management (30%)	4	0	0	4
2 Meeting investor requirements (35%)	2	0	0	2
3 Management and risk control for an investment manager (35%)	14	0	0	14
4 Solving problems	5	5	0	0
Total	25	5	0	20

Торіс	Objective	Change
4 Solving problems	4.1 Recommend coherent	Removed problem solving
	solutions and courses of action	objective, as now incorporated
	in relation to the overall	into the assessment section
	financial management of	
	investment portfolios, having	
	regard to the liabilities.	
	4.1.1 Analyse complex	
	problems in terms of actuarial,	
	economic and financial factors	
	to a level where appropriate	
	analytical techniques may be	
	used.	
	4.1.2 Assess the implications	
	and relevance of such factors,	
	integrating the results into a	
	coherent whole.	
	4.1.3 Evaluate the results	
	critically in a wider context,	
	drawing appropriate	
	conclusions.	
	4.1.4 Propose solutions and	
	actions, or a range of possible	
	solutions and actions, based	
	on this evaluation.	